Virtual Production Workflow, Technologies and Terms

Development/Pre-Production Written script Pre-vis treatment **VAD** Art Dept VFX Dept Pitch-Final asset creation vis **Previs Techvis Stuntvis** VAD (Virtual Art World capture Department) location/set scanning Digital assets (3D models) Virtual scout and environments) Visualization (previs, techvis, Practical effects (physical postvis) props and set pieces) Performance capture (mocap, volumetric capture) Simulcam (on-set visualization) ICVFX (In-camera visual effects)

What makes up a VP Workflow?

Virtual Production (VP) is a physical process, performed on a set, with cameras, microphones, actors and props combined with real-time visualization workflows. Unlike traditional production, the VP workflow is characterized by a suite of new and emerging technologies which combine physical and digital elements together on-set, in real-time. These technologies enable real-time feedback and iteration, and include world capture (location/set scanning and digitization), visualization (previs, techvis, postvis), performance capture (mocap, volumetric capture), simulcam (on-set visualization), and in-camera visual effects (ICVFX). A VP workflow shifts resources to preproduction, enabling greater creative control and visibility earlier in the production process.

Production LED volume **Post-Production ICVFX Principal Live Action** photography LED volume. Virtual worlds projected **Post Final** on the wall behind actors **VFX Editorial** Edit and set pieces; also generates lighting and reflections. Frustum Color grading Pixel pitch VFX Optimization Camera tracking Compositing Greenscreen Parallax





50% of VFX spend is moved to the VAD; 40% of the practical effects spend is moved to pre-production from post-production. Visualization technologies increase visibility and creative control of final product early on.



Using the Volume for vfx and greenscreen shots optimizes production efficiency, minimizes shoot time, travel time and expenses.

